

<b>CUSTOMER:</b>	DATE:	

# For Automotive Electronics APPROVAL SPECIFICATION



PRODUCT NAME	SMD Wire Wound Chip Inductor	
YOUR PART NO.:		
OUR PART NO.:	AMGTC0603P Series	
VERSION:	V1.0	AO (

RECEPTION	K	<b>Y</b>
THE SPECIFIC	CATION HAS BEEN A	ACCEPTED.
COMPANY:	DAT	E:
CFMD	CHKD	RCVD
70'		

# MANUFACTURING NAME

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CFMD.	CHKD.	DSGD.
Remo	-	Wei Liu



# **CATALOG**

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# **Component SPEC Version Record**

Rev.	Effective Date	Changed Contents	Change Reasons	Approved By
1.0	2019.09.25	New released	/	Remo



## 1. Scope

This specification applies to the AMGTC0603P series of SMD Wire Wound Chip Inductors.

#### 2. Product Identification

<u>AMGTC</u> <u>0603</u> <u>P</u> <u>6N8</u> <u>J</u> <u>S</u> <u>T</u> ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦

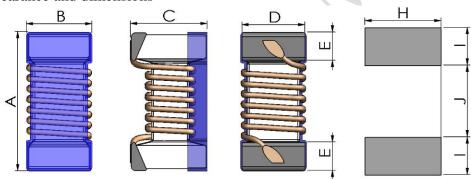
- ① Product Symbol(Automotive electronics products)
- ② Dimensions (0603 inch)
- ③ Features
- 4 Inductance Value (6N8:6.8nH 27N:27nH; R15:150nH)
- (5) Inductance Tolerance

Code	В	С	S	D	F	G	Н	J
Tolerance	±0.1nH	±0.2nH	±0.3nH	±0.5nH	±1%	<u>+2</u> %	±3%	±5%

- 6 Termination materials (G: gold; S: sn)
- 7 Packaging style (T: Taping; B: Bulk)

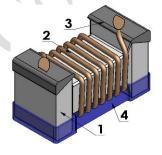
## 3. Appearance, Dimensions and Material

## (1) Appearance and dimensions



Dimensions in mm							
A B C D Ref. E H Typ. I Typ. J Typ.						J Тур.	
$1.65 \pm 0.1$	$0.9 \pm 0.2$	$0.9 \pm 0.1$	0.76	0.28±0.05	1.02	0.64	0.64

## (2) Material List



No.	Item	Material
1	Core	Ceramic
2	Wire	Enameled Copper Wire
3	Terminal Electrode	Sn
4	Coating	Ultraviolet epoxy resin

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## 4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard conditions for measurement/test as:

Ambient Temperature : 5 to 35 °C Relative Humidity: 25 to 85% RH Atmospheric Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

If any doubt on the results, measurements/tests should be made within the following limits:

Ambient Temperature : 25±1 °C Relative Humidity: 60 to 70% RH Atmospheric Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

## 5. Rating

Operating temperature:-55  $^{\circ}$ C ~150  $^{\circ}$ C

Microgate Part No.	Inductance (nH)	Tolerance	Q (min.)	L/Q Test Frequency (MHz)	DC Resistance (Ω max.)	Rated Current (mA)	SRF (M Hz) (min.)
AMGTC0603P2N2□ST	2.2	C,D	24	100/250	0.018	3200	15000
AMGTC0603P2N4□ST	2.4	C,D	18	100/250	0.026	2400	15000
AMGTC0603P3N0□ST	3.0	C,D	13	100/250	0.170	670	15000
AMGTC0603P3N9□ST	3.9	B,C,G	30	100/250	0.028	2200	10000
AMGTC0603P4N1□ST	4.1	B,C,G	30	100/250	0.028	2200	10000
AMGTC0603P4N2□ST	4.2	B,C,G	30	100/250	0.028	2200	10000
AMGTC0603P4N3□ST	4.3	B,C,G	35	100/250	0.036	2100	11600
AMGTC0603P4N7□ST	4.7	B,C,G	25	100/250	0.054	1500	10400
AMGTC0603P4N9□ST	4.9	B,C,G	23	100/250	0.081	1200	7300
AMGTC0603P5N6□ST	5.6	C,G	38	100/250	0.040	1900	6650
AMGTC0603P6N0□ST	6.0	C,G	40	100/250	0.040	1900	6650
AMGTC0603P6N5□ST	6.5	C,G	40	100/250	0.040	1900	6650
AMGTC0603P6N8□ST	6.8	C,G	40	100/250	0.040	1900	6650
AMGTC0603P7N2□ST	7.2	C,G	38	100/250	0.040	1900	6650
AMGTC0603P7N5□ST	7.5	C,G	35	100/250	0.048	1500	7000
AMGTC0603P8N2□ST	8.2	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P8N4□ST	8.4	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P8N7□ST	8.7	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P9N1□ST	9.1	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P9N5□ST	9.5	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P9N9□ST	9.9	C,G	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P10N□ST	10	G,J	38	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P11N□ST	11	G,J	40	100/250	0.052	1600	4750
AMGTC0603P12N□ST	12	G,J	37	100/250	0.064	1500	5000
AMGTC0603P13N□ST	13	G,J	37	100/250	0.064	1500	5000
AMGTC0603P15N□ST	15	G,J	38	100/250	0.075	1400	4600
AMGTC0603P16N□ST	16	G,J	40	100/250	0.075	1400	4600
AMGTC0603P17N□ST	17	G,J	40	100/250	0.075	1400	4600
AMGTC0603P18N□ST	18	G,J	40	100/250	0.075	1400	4600
AMGTC0603P19N□ST	19	G,J	40	100/250	0.075	1400	4600
AMGTC0603P22N□ST	22	G,J	40	100/250	0.086	1300	3450
AMGTC0603P23N□ST	23	G,J	40	100/250	0.086	1300	3450



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Microgate Part No.	Inductance (nH)	Tolerance	Q (min.)	L/Q Test Frequency (MHz)	DC Resistance (Ωmax.)	Rated Current (mA)	SRF (MHz) (min.)
AMGTC0603P24N□ST	24	G,J	40	100/250	0.086	1300	3450
AMGTC0603P25N□ST	25	G,J	40	100/250	0.098	1200	3600
AMGTC0603P27N□ST	27	G,J	40	100/250	0.098	1200	3600
AMGTC0603P28N□ST	28	G,J	40	100/250	0.098	1200	3600
AMGTC0603P30N□ST	30	G,J	40	100/250	0.12	1100	2880
AMGTC0603P31N□ST	31	G,J	40	100/250	0.11	1100	3150
AMGTC0603P33N□ST	33	G,J	40	100/250	0.11	1100	3150
AMGTC0603P34N□ST	34	G,J	40	100/250	0.15	1050	3000
AMGTC0603P36N□ST	36	G,J	37	100/250	0.20	910	3000
AMGTC0603P37N□ST	37	G,J	37	100/250	0.20	910	3000
AMGTC0603F37N□ST	39	G,J	40	100/250	0.16	1000	3280
AMGTC0603P41N□ST	41	G,J	40	100/250	0.16	1000	3280
AMGTC0603P43N□ST	43	G,J	40	100/250	0.21	840	2780
AMGTC0603P44N□ST	44	G,J	40	100/250	0.21	840	2780
AMGTC0603P47N□ST	47	G,J	32	100/200	0.23	830	2700
AMGTC0603P48N□ST	48	G,J	32	100/200	0.23	830	2700
AMGTC0603P51N□ST	51	G,J	32	100/200	0.23	830	2700
AMGTC0603P52N□ST	52	G,J	35	100/200	0.27	750	2750
AMGTC0603P56N□ST	56	G,J	38	100/200	0.26	770	2600
AMGTC0603P58N□ST	58	G,J	35	100/200	0.30	700	2400
AMGTC0603P68N□ST	68	G,J	37	100/200	0.38	630	2380
AMGTC0603P69N□ST	69	G,J	37	100/200	0.38	630	2380
AMGTC0603P72N□ST	72	G,J	34	100/150	0.47	560	2330
AMGTC0603P73N□ST	73	G,J	28	100/150	0.41	590	2280
AMGTC0603P75N□ST	75	G,J	28	100/150	0.41	590	2280
AMGTC0603P78N□ST	78	G,J	28	100/150	0.41	590	2280
AMGTC0603P82N□ST	82	G,J	34	100/150	0.50	550	2230
AMGTC0603P83N□ST	83	G,J	34	100/150	0.50	550	2230
AMGTC0603P91N□ST	91	G,J	33	100/150	0.54	520	1900
AMGTC0603P94N□ST	94	G,J	34	100/150	0.63	490	1750
AMGTC0603PR10□ST	100	G,J	34	100/150	0.63	490	1750
AMGTC0603PR11□ST	110	G,J	32	100/150	0.70	450	1730
AMGTC0603PR12□ST	120	G,J	32	100/150	0.72	450	1650
AMGTC0603PR15□ST	150	G,J	28	100/150	0.87	420	1580
AMGTC0603PR18□ST	180	G,J	25	100	1.65	310	1380
AMGTC0603PR20□ST	200	G,J	25	100	1.74	290	1350
AMGTC0603PR21□ST	210	G,J	27	100	1.98	280	1330
AMGTC0603PR22□ST	220	G,J	25	100	2.08	280	1330
AMGTC0603PR25□ST	250	G,J	24	100	2.28	250	1330
AMGTC0603PR27□ST	270	G,J	24	100	2.42	260	1250
AMGTC0603PR30□ST	300	G,J	25	100	3.12	220	1200
AMGTC0603PR33□ST	330	G,J	25	100	3.84	190	1100
AMGTC0603PR36□ST	360	G,J	25	100	3.98	190	1050
AMGTC0603PR39□ST	390	G,J	25	100	4.23	190	1100



#### 6. Electrical Performance

Inductance; Q factor

Inductance; Q factor shall meet item 5 when measured on the condition of Table 1.

#### Table 1

Measuring Equipment	Impedance analyzer keysight E4982A or equivalent
Measuring Frequency	Item 5
Measuring signal level	-13dBm
Measuring Fixture	keysight 16197A

#### DC Resistance

D.C Resistance shall meet item 5 when measured on the condition of Table 2.

#### Table 2

14010 2		
Measuring Equipment	LCR Meter HIOKI 3542 or equivalent	

Self-Resonant Frequency (S.R.F)

S.R.F. shall meet item 5 when measured on the condition of Table 3.

#### Table 3

Measuring Equipment	Impedance analyzer Agilent E4991A, Network analyzer
	Keysight E5071C or equivalent

#### Rated current

Temperature rise no more than  $40\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  against chip surface temperature when the allowable current is applied.

#### Table 4

Measuring Equipment	DC Power Supplier, Current Meter, Thermometer
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# 7. Reliability

No.	Item	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks	Reference	Sample Size
1	Solderability	Terminal area shall be at least 95% covered.	①Temperature:240±5°C, flux 5-10 s. ②Sample immersion tin furnace 3 ±1 s. ③Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu	AEC-Q200	15
2	Resistance to Soldering Heat		①The peak temperature: 260+5/-0°C. ②Reflow:3times. ③Temperature curve is as below:  Peak 265°C  Max. Ramp Up Rate=3°C/s  Max. Ramp Down Rate=6°C/s  217°C  Max. Ramp Down Rate=6°C/s  Time 25°C to Peak =8 min—  Time	AEC-Q200	30
3	High Temperature Storage	(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.	①Temperature: 150±2°C. ②Time: 1000(+48,0) hours. ③Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.  Temperature 150°C Room Temp.  0 1000H Time	AEC-Q200	77
4	Low Temperature Storage	(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5% (3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20% (4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%	①Temperature: -55±2°C. ②Time: 1000(+48,0) hours. ③Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.  Room Temp.  1000H  Time  -55°C Low temperature Temp.	AEC-Q200	77
5	Thermal shock		①First -55°C for 30 minutes, last 150°C 30minutes as 1 cycle. Go through 1000 cycles. ②Max transfer time is 20 second. ③Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.  30 min.  Temperature  -55°C  30 min.  20 s (max.)	AEC-Q200	30



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				表推构	34
6	Humidity Resistance	<ul> <li>(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.</li> <li>(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5%</li> <li>(3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20%</li> <li>(4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%</li> </ul>	①1000(+48,0) hours, 85 °C/85% RH. ②Unpowered. ③Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.  High temperature High humidity Room Temp.  1000H Time	AEC-Q200	77
7	Terminal Strength	No case deformation or change in appearance.	①The test samples shall be soldered to the board. ②5N, 60±1s  Radius 1.5mm  DUT  Press tools	AEC-Q200	30
8	Board Flex	<ul> <li>(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.</li> <li>(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5%</li> <li>(3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20%</li> <li>(4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%</li> </ul>	①Part mounted on a 100mm*40mm FR4 PCB board, which is 1.6mm thick and as a Layer-thickness 35 μm ± 10 μm. ②Bending speed is 1mm/s. ③Keeping the P.C Board 2 mm minimum for 60 seconds.  Printed circuit board before testing  Printed circuit board under test  Unit: mm	AEC-Q200	30
9	Drop	(1) No case deformation or change in	①Height: 1 m, Free fall, 10times. ②Direction: 1 Angle, 1side, 2surface.	AEC-Q200	30
10	Vibration	appearance. (2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5% (3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20% (4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%	10~2000Hz,5g,20min/Cycle,4 hours in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 12 hours)	AEC-Q200	30



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No.	Item	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks	Reference	Sample Size	
11	Mechanical Shock	<ul> <li>(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.</li> <li>(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5%</li> <li>(3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20%</li> <li>(4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%</li> </ul>	Half sine shock pulse,100g,6ms,6 shocks in each 3 mutually perpendicular directions (total of 18 shocks)	AEC-Q200	30	
12	Loading at High Temperature	<ul> <li>(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.</li> <li>(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5%</li> <li>(3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20%</li> <li>(4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%</li> </ul>	①Temperature: 150±2°C. ②Time: 1000(+48,0) hours. ③Rated current. ④Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.	AEC-Q200	77	
13	Loading at Damp Heat	(1) No case deformation or change in appearance. (2)   ΔL/L0   ≤5%	①Temperature: 60±2°C, Humidity: 90% to 95% RH; ② Duration: 1000(+48,0) hours ③ current: Rated current. ④Measurement at 24±4 hours after test conclusion.	AEC-Q200	77	
14	ESD Test	(2)   ΔD/L0   ≤370 (3)   ΔQ/Q0   ≤20% (4)   ΔDCR/DCR0   ≤10%	HBM ESD discharge waveform,8KV	AEC-Q200	15	
15	Random Vibration	<ul> <li>(1) No case deformation or change in appearance.</li> <li>(2)   ΔL/L0   ≤10%</li> </ul>	Three Times reflow pretreatment (reflow TMAX265 + 5 -0) vibration plate: "8 x 5" Printed Circuit Board, 0.031" thick, with 7 fixed points on the long side and 2 fixed points on the opposite side of the corner	AEC-Q200	30	
16	$(1) \ \text{No case deformation} \\ \text{or change in} \\ \text{appearance.} \\ (2) \   \ \Delta L/L0 \   \ \leq 5\% \\ (3) \   \ \Delta Q/Q0 \   \ \leq 20\% \\ (4) \   \ \Delta DCR/DCR0 \   \\ \leq 10\%$		Method111/UL94	AEC-Q200	15	
17	Resistance to Solvents (1) No case deformation or change in appearance. (2) $\mid \Delta L/L0 \mid \leq 5\%$ (3) $\mid \Delta Q/Q0 \mid \leq 20\%$ (4) $\mid \Delta DCR/DCR0 \mid \leq 10\%$		①Reflow:3times. ①Prepare solvent (isopropyl alcohol: kerosene: ethylbenzene =4:9:3 volume) ②Specimen be completely immersed in solvent for 3+0.5/-0min ③Brush dipped in solution until wetted and brush part 10 strokes. ④Repeat 2 more times, Air blow dry. ⑤Inspect at 3x magnifier for marking and 10x for part damage. Note: Add Aqueous wash chemical. OKEM Clean or equivalent. Do not use banned solvents.	AEC-Q200	77	

<sup>\*</sup>All above experiments items need 3 Lot., sample size is as specified in the table above.

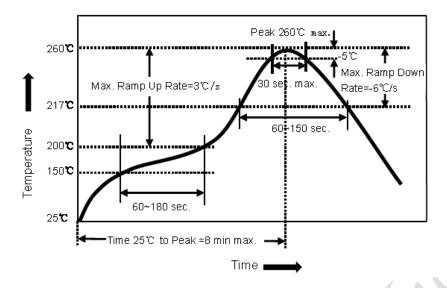
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<sup>\*</sup>Sample size standard is from AEC-Q200: qualification sample size requirements.



## 8. Recommended Soldering Conditions

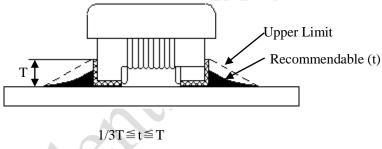
## (1) Reflow soldering conditions



Above reflow soldering curve is from J-STD-020D.

#### (2)Solder Volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits as shown below.



(T: Height of electrode)

- a. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.
- b. Before soldering, please ensure that the solder should not adhere to the wire part of chip.
- c. Please pay particular attention to whether there is flux remaining on surface of the wire part of chip after subjected to reflow soldering since this may causing short circuit of parts.

#### (3) Iron soldering

The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron.

(1)

Pre-heating	150°C, 1 minute
Tip temperature	350°C max
Soldering iron output	30w max
End of soldering iron	ф1mm max
Soldering time	3 seconds max

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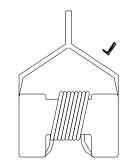
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- ②Don't touch the coil core directly with the top of the iron
- ③In the welding process, the electric iron cannot bump into the enamel-insulated wire, lest components should have evidence of damage.
- (4) The test, link products and so on solder correct and support on both sides the method contrast wrongly:





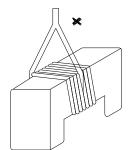


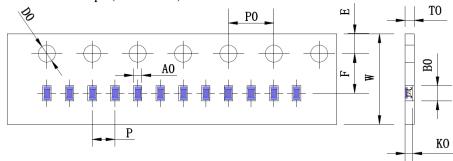
Figure 2 Wrongly method

Tweezers of fixture should support on both sides of the chip, and the correct support way as shown as Figure 1. Tweezers of fixture should not support on enamel-insulated wire of the chip, lest enamel-insulated wire should have evidence of damage, the wrong support way as shown as Figure 2.



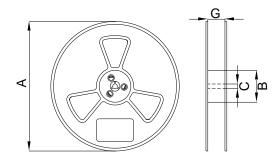
## 9. Packaging Information

## (1) Dimension of tape (Unit: mm)



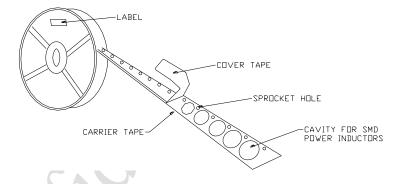
W	E	F	P	P0	D0	T0
8.0±0.2	$1.75 \pm 0.05$	$3.5 \pm 0.05$	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	$4.0 - \pm 0.1$	1.5+0.1/-0.0	1.10 max.

#### (2) Dimension of reel (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Dimension
A	178±2
В	58±2
С	13.5±0.2
G	10.0±1.5

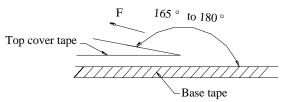
#### (3) Taping figure and drawing direction



## (4) Packaging quantities: 4,000PCS/Reel.

#### (5) Peeling strength of cover tape:

The force tearing off cover tape is 15 to 65 grams in the arrow direction under the following conditions.



Room Temp. (°C)	Room Humidity (%)	Room aim (hpa)	Peel Speed mm/min
5-35	45-85	860-1060	300

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#### 10. Storage

- a. The solder ability of the external electrode may be deteriorated if packages are stored where they are exposed to high temperature or high humidity. Besides, to ensure packing material's good state, packages must be stored at  $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $40^{\circ}$ C and  $15\% \sim 85\%$  RH.
- b. The solder ability of the external electrode may be deteriorated if packages are stored where they are exposed to dust of harmful gas (e.g. HCl, sulfurous gas of H<sub>2</sub>S).
- c. Packaging materials may deform if packages are exposed directly to sunlight.
- d. Minimum packages, such as polyvinyl heat-seal packages shall not be opened until they are used. If opened, use the reels as soon as possible.
- e. Solderability shall be guaranteed for 12 months from the date of manufacture on condition that they are stored at the environment specified in specification. For those parts, which passed more than the time shall be checked solder-ability before use.

#### 11. Transportation

The cases shall not be damaged, destroyed and rained on.

#### 12. Warning and Attentions

#### (1) Precautions on Use

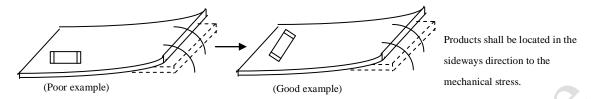
- a. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD.
- b. Any devices used (soldering iron, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded.
- c. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handing the chips.
- d. Pre-heating when soldering, and refer to the recommended condition specified in specification.
- e. Don't apply current in excess of the rated current value. It may cause damage to components due to over-current.
- f. Keep clear of anything that may generate magnetic fields such as speakers, coils.
- g. When soldering, the electrical characteristics may be varied due to hot energy and mechanical stress.
- h. When coating products with resin, the relatively high resin curing stress may change the electrical characteristics. For exterior coating, select resin carefully so that electrical and mechanical performance of the product is not affected. Before using, please evaluate reliability with the product mounted in your application set.
- i. When mount chips with adhesive in preliminary assembly, do appropriate check before the soldering stage, i.e., the size of land pattern, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening of the adhesive on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use.
- j. Mounting density: Add special attention to radiating heat of products when mounting other components nearby. The excessive heat by other products may cause deterioration at joint of this product with substrate.
- k. Since some products are constructed like an open magnetic circuit, narrow spacing between components may cause magnetic coupling.
- 1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks in transportation.
- m. Please do not touch wires by sharp terminals such as tweezers to avoid causing any damage to wires.
- n. Please do not add any shock and power to the soldered product to avoid causing any damage to chip body.
- o. Please do not touch the electrodes by naked hand as the solderability of the external electrodes may deteriorate by grease or oil on the skin.



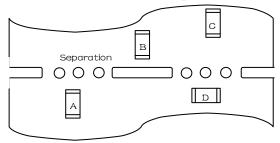
#### (2) PCB Bending Design

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCB's.

1. PCB shall be designed so that products are not subjected to the mechanical stress from board warp or deflection.



2. Products location on PCB separation.



Product shall be located carefully because they may be subjected to the mechanical stress in order of A>C=B>D.

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3. When splitting the PCB board, or insert (remove) connector, or fasten thread after mounting components, care is required so as not to give any stress of deflection or twisting to the board. Because mechanical force may cause deterioration of the bonding strength of electrode and solder, even crack of product body. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using appropriate devices.

#### (3) Recommended PCB Design for SMT Land-Patterns

When chips are mounted on a PCB, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) and the size of PCB Land-Patterns can directly affect chip performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns.

- a. Please use the PCB pad and solder paste we recommend, and contact us in advance if they need to be changed.
- b. The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
- c. When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.

Recommended land dimensions please refer to product specification.



## 13. Cleaning

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions:

- (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C Max. (40°C Max. for IPA)
- (2)Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions, avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and PCB.

Power: 20W/I Max. Frequency: 28 KHz to 40 KHz Time: 5 minutes Max

(3)Cleaner

a. Alcohol type cleaner

Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)

b. Aqueous agent

Surface Active Agent Type (Clean through-750H)

Hydrocarbon Type (Techno Cleaner-335)

Higher Alcohol Type (Pine Alpha ST-100S)

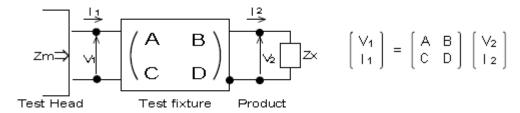
c. There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.

In the case of using aqueous agent, product shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.

- d. Some products may become slightly whitened. However, product performance or usage is not affected.
- e. Please take care of winding part while cleaning.
- f. After cleaning, parts could be subjected to the next reflow soldering till the solvent remaining on surface of parts being volatilized.

## 14. Measuring Method of Inductance

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of test fixture can be described by F-parameter shown in following.



(2) The impedance of chip coil Zx and measured value Zm can be described by input/output current/voltage.

$$Zm = \frac{V_1}{I_1}$$
,  $Zx = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$ 

(3) Thus, the relation between Zx and Zm is following:

$$Z_X = \alpha \frac{Z_M - \beta}{1 - Z_M \Gamma}$$
 where,  $\alpha = D / A = 1$   
 $\beta = B / D = Z_{SM} - (1 - Y_{OM} Z_{SM})Z_{SS}$   
 $\Gamma = C / A = Y_{OM}$ 

AMGTC0603P Series compensation value is 0.78nH

(4) Lx and Qx shall be calculated with the following equation.

Lx= 
$$\frac{\text{Im}(Zx)}{2\pi f}$$
. Qx =  $\frac{\text{Im}(Zx)}{\text{Re}(Zx)}$  Lx: Inductance of chip coil Qx: Q of chip coil f: Measuring frequency